|  |
| --- |
| 01/02/19  NCE Lesson 6 The sporting spirit |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Keywords:**  goodwill [gʊd'wɪl] n. 善意，友好，友好关系  inclination [ɪnklɪ'neɪʃn] n. 意愿  contest ['kɒntest] n. 比赛，竞赛，由裁判打分的比赛  deduce [dɪ'dju:s] v. 推断  patriotism  ['pætriətɪzəm] ['peɪtriətɪzəm]  n. 爱国主义  disgrace [dɪs'greɪs] v. 使出丑，使丢脸  mimic warfare ['mɪmɪk 'wɔ:feə(r)] n. 模拟战争  amaze  If only 如果，要是…这样就好了  对难以实现的愿望的惋惜  用虚拟语气  even if  orgies of … / an orgy of … 疯狂的……；过度的……  practise  do / try one’s utmost to do  question of  arise（主语为不希望出现的事）  （问题，矛盾，纠纷，争执）产生 vi.  unit n.  arouse vt. 激起情绪  warfare un.  not … but …  是后者，而非前者  spectator  It is … that / who …, not …  是前者，而非后者  work sb. into …使某人产生情绪  at any rate | **Details:**  exude goodwill 流露出善意  promote goodwill 增进友好关系  create and strengthen goodwill 建立并建立友好关系  名词做定语  goodwill game**s** 友好运动会  goodwill visit友好访问  goodwill tour 友好周游访问  President Obama is **on** a Middle East goodwill tour.  official **visit** 正式访问  official goodwill **visit**  informal **visit**  private **visit**  state **visit** 国事访问  President Xi Jinping is **on a three-day official goodwill visit to** Vietnam.  have an inclination to do sth. 有意做某事  I haven't the slightest inclination to become a journalist.  incline v. 倾斜；倾向  be inclined to do sth.  Be careful not to annoy the boss,  |- because he **is inclined to** lose his temper.  |- because he **tends to** lose his temper.  |- because he **has the tendency to** lose his temper.  |- because he **is apt / prone to** lose his temper.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | contest泛指竞技比赛；由裁判打分的比赛 | a speech / beauty / dance contest | | game / match  两个队员/队伍对抗的比赛 | a boxing / basketball / football / volleyball match / game | | games 运动会 | the Olympic Games | | race 竞速比赛 | a car / boat / horse / swimming race | | open公开赛  tournament 竞标赛，系列赛，巡回赛 – 淘汰性质的比赛  championship 冠军赛 – 各个区的冠军的比赛 | |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **deduce A from B**  **deduction n. 推理；结论** | deduce effect from cause | | conclude A from B  conclusion 结论；结束 | bring sth. to a conclusion 使…结束  come to / draw / reach a conclusion | | infer A from B  inference n. 推理；结论 | What can we infer from the passage? |   **“patr” = “pater”: father**  patriot 爱国者  patriotic 爱国主义的  patriotic songs / education  patriotism  com**patr**iot同胞  **patr**iarchy – archy 统治 父系社会  **patr**icide 弑父罪  paternal 父亲的  paternal affection 父爱  paternity = fatherhood 父亲身份  He is on **paternity** leave.  **“matr” = “mater”: mother**  matriarchy 母权制  matricide  maternal  maternal affection  maternity  She is on **maternity** leave.  The dishonest minister **was** publicly **disgraced**.  使丢脸，使出丑  **shame** …  **humiliate** …  **bring shame on** …  **bring disgrace on** …  His behavior |- disgraced + his family.  |- shamed  |- humiliated  |- brought shame on  |- brought disgrace on  **show sb. up** 同伴的糗事使某人丢脸  Mary’s boyfriend **showed her up** by falling asleep at the concert.  chemical warfare  nuclear warfare  germ warfare 细菌战  guerrilla warfare 游击战  mime 模拟；哑剧  mimic warfare  mimic coloring 模拟色，保护色   |  | | --- | | I am always amazed when I hear people saying that sport creates goodwill between the nations, and that if only the common peoples of the world could meet one another at football or cricket, they would have no inclination to meet on the battlefield. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **amaze sb.** （令人迷惑不解的）惊讶  maze 迷宫 | When the archaeologists reconstructed the fragments, they **were amazed to** find that the goddess turned out to be a very modern-looking woman. | | **surprise sb.** |  | | **astonish sb.** （令人难以置信的）惊讶  : because of sth. unbelievable or incredible | He **was astonished at** what he found. A man was lying in the box on top of a pile of woolen goods. | | **astound / dumbfound sb.** 把某人惊呆了 | The police **were astounded** when Mrs. Ramsay told them what she had done. |   **If only** I **were** as clever as you are!  **If only** they **were** here now, we would be able to celebrate their wedding anniversary.  **only if …** 只有…才，真实语气；用于居首，主句倒装  She will go **only if** Peter goes.  **Only if** Peter goes ***will*** she go.   |  | | --- | | Even if one didn't know from concrete examples (the 1936 Olympic Games, for instance) that international sporting contests lead to orgies of hatred, one could deduce it from general principles. |   **even if …** 即使，就算 + 假设情况（如果假设情况非常不可能，用虚拟）/ **even though …**尽管 +（已经发生的）事实  **Even though** you dislike ancient monuments, Warwick Castle is worth a visit. 用于朋友间，知道他不喜欢古迹  **Even if** you dislike ancient monuments, Warwick Castle is worth a visit. 用于导游，并不知道游客喜不喜欢古迹  **solid** / **concrete** adj. 具体的  solid / concrete examples / conditions  **abstract** 抽象的  Beauty itself is abstract.  **The 11th Olympic Games** in Berlin, when Adolf Hitler was in authority.  It was a historical mistake. The Nazi government saw the Olympics as a golden opportunity to promote their fascist ideology, that was to purify and strengthen the Germanic Aryan population.  Hitler wanted to take advantage of this opportunity to advertise the blond hair, blue-eyed Aryan racial superiority.  Ironically, American black athlete Jesse Owens was the star of the 1936 Olympic Games, who won 4 gold medals.  This made Hitler disgraced and increased his hatred towards other nations.  **orgies of** hatred  **an orgy of** killing  **an orgy of** spending before Christmas  **binge** / **spree** n.  **go on a … binge / spree** 疯狂的，过分的，无节制的做某事  He **went on a drinking binge** over the weekend.  The **girls went on a shopping spree** on Saturday.   |  | | --- | | Nearly all the sports practised nowadays are competitive. You play to win, and the game has little meaning unless you do your utmost to win. |   **practise** / **practice** v. 经常做，从事  **practice** n. 习俗，惯例  On the other hand, your stomach would turn at the idea of frying potatoes in animal fat—the normally accepted **practice** in many northern countries.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **do / try one’s utmost to do**  **do / try one’s best to do** | Though the doctor **did his best**, the patient's recovery was slow. | | **go to great lengths to do**  竭尽全力做sth. | The man **went to great lengths to** prove that the diamonds were real. | | **endeavor / endeavour to do** | We **endeavour to** avoid the old, romantic idea of a gusher, which wastes oil and gas. | | **spare no effort to do** | China will **spare no effort to** realize peaceful reunification. | | **give one’s all to do**  **go all out to do** |  |   (A) They should wait for John to bring the dessert.  (B) He thinks John must have spent a lot of money for the dinner.  (C) The dessert also looks impressive.  (D) He helped John make the sandwiches.  W: Look at the delicious sandwiches. John’s really **gone all out** this time.  M: **Just wait until** you see the dessert.  Q: What does the man imply?  Answer: (C) The dessert also looks impressive.  Part 1 of the movie was amazing.  **Just wait until** you see Part 2.  Part 2 is even better   |  | | --- | | On the village green, where you pick up sides and no feeling of local patriotism is involved, it is possible to play simply for the fun and exercise: but as soon as the question of prestige arises, as soon as you feel that you and some larger unit will be disgraced if you lose, the most savage combative instincts are aroused. |  |  |  | | --- | --- | | **question of prestige** 关乎名誉 |  | | **question of pride** 关乎面子 | It is a question of pride as much as anything else. | | **question of time** 时间问题 | She is so talented and diligent that her success is only a question of time. |   **= matter of …**  Education in the wilderness is not a **matter of monetary means**.  It’s only a **matter of time**.  It’s a **matter of personal taste**.  It’s a **matter of preference**.  It’s a **matter of interest**.  It’s a **matter of life and death**. 生死攸关的事  I can’t take the money. It’s a **matter of principle**.  arise arose arisen  **arise from …**  The conflict **arose from** tensions between different ethnic groups.  : group; organization  **arouse** interest / hostility / resentment   |  | | --- | | Anyone who has played even in a school football match knows this. At the international level sport is frankly mimic warfare. |   germ / jungle / nuclear / chemical / guerrilla / psychological **warfare**   |  | | --- | | But the significant thing is *not* the behaviour of the players *but* the attitude of the spectators: and, behind the spectators, (?) of the nations who work themselves into furies over these absurd contests, and seriously believe—at any rate for short periods—that running, jumping and kicking a ball are tests of national virtue. |   **not … but …** 不是……而是……  **not that … but that …**不是因为……，而是因为……(平行结构)  1) **Not that** I love Caesar less, **but that** I love Rome more.  — Shakespeare ‘Julius Caesar’  2) **Not that** I love you less, **but that** I love liberty more.  3) **Not that** I love my teacher less, **but that** I love truth more.  **It is not that … but (that) …** 不是因为……，而是因为……(非平行结构)  1) **It was not that** I actually remembered anything at all. **But** my father had described over and over again what we should see at every milestone, after leaving the nearest town …  2) **It is not that** the scales in the one case, and the balance in the other, differ in the principles of their construction or manner of working; **but that** the latter is a much finer apparatus and of course much more accurate in its measurement than the former.   |  |  | | --- | --- | | **spectator** cn. 看球赛，指坐在观众席，从上往下看的观众 | a spectator | | **audience** cn. 听讲座，指坐在礼堂台下，从下往上看的观众 | movie audiences一群一群，按群算  two of the audience | | **viewer**专指看电视的观众，统计收视率时使用 |  | | **onlooker** / **looker-on** 旁观者，看热闹的 |  |   **It is** older people who create it, **not** the young themselves.  **It is** the attitude of the spectators **that is significant** / **that is of significance** / **that matters** / **that counts**, **not** the behavior of the players.  **It is** the thought **that** counts. 心意最重要  work sb. into …  He **worked** himself **into** a rage.  He **worked** his audience **into** enthusiasm.  1. 无论如何  = **in any case** / **event**  = **come what may**  ~, we must go on Tuesday.  2. 至少  = **at least**  They felt, or ~ Dan felt, both relieved and frightened.  For example, Hitler saw the Olympics as a test of the Aryan racial superiority.  But the author argue that **sport is only for sport**; it has nothing to do with prestige or national virtue and it won’t create goodwill between the nations. |
| **Today I learned:**  Happy New Year😊 | |